UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BEFORE THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES



In the Matter of)	PUBLIC	ORIGINAL
LabMD, Inc.,)	Docket No. 9357	OHIGHVAL
a corporation,	j j		
Respondent.)		
)		
)		

COMPLAINT COUNSEL'S OPPOSITION TO RESPONDENT'S MOTION TO ACCORD PORTIONS OF COMPLAINT COUNSEL'S POST-TRIAL BRIEFING IN CAMERA TREATMENT

More than a year after Respondent was first obligated to identify information for which it would seek in camera treatment, and long after the evidentiary record has closed, Respondent now asks this Court to treat as in camera Complaint Counsel's statements

These statements do not constitute evidence for which in camera treatment could ever be appropriate. Moreover, Respondent has failed to carry its burden by submitting an affidavit or declaration demonstrating that the disclosures it seeks to prevent will result in a clearly defined, serious injury. Finally, Respondent's Motion seeks the result of

¹ As set forth in this Response, Complaint Counsel maintains that Respondent's Motion to Accord Portions of Complaint Counsel's Post-Trial Briefing In Camera Treatment fails. In the event that the Court disagrees with Complaint Counsel's position, however, Complaint Counsel's Response redacts the information Complaint Counsel believes Respondent is seeking to protect through its Motion.

protecting information that it has already made public. For all of these reasons, Respondent's Motion fails.

BACKGROUND

Respondent's
Complaint Counsel did not oppose
Respondent's motion.
Respondent's followed
numerous discussions, including colloquy before this Court, regarding the evidentiary status of
information
Complaint Counsel repeatedly invited Respondent to identify the information it sought to protect
with an in camera order, specifically noting that "absent an order of the Court, Complaint
Counsel will be constrained from redacting information
Letter from L. VanDruff to W. Sherman (June 10, 2015) (confidential for the purposes of this
filing), attached as Exhibit A.



did not seek to protect any
of this information. In short, Respondent's counsel elicited testimony concerning the
on direct examination in open court, Respondent's principal testified about
the repeatedly, and Respondent submitted documents containing
that information in public filings and in public discovery responses. On none of these occasions
- where Respondent sought to use the did Respondent's counsel
seek in camera treatment or other protections. Now, however, when Complaint Counsel
addresses this material fact in its submissions to the Court, Respondent cries foul and seeks for
the first time to conceal this fact from the public.

Respondent's instant Motion seeks to require Complaint Counsel to file amended confidential versions of its Post-Trial briefing, placing *in camera* references to

Respondent's Motion in this regard apparently seeks permanent *in camera* treatment of such references in Complaint Counsel's post-trial briefing. Notably, Respondent's Motion does *not* seek to place *in camera* any portion of the exhibits underlying those statements in Complaint Counsel's briefing. *See generally*, Resp't's Mot. (Aug. 14, 2015); *see also* Email from W. Sherman to L. VanDruff (Aug. 14, 2015) (memorializing meet-and-confer, stating that Respondent's counsel "did not mention exhibits nor would [he] seek to redact them.") (confidential for the purposes of this filing), attached as Exhibit B.⁴

ARGUMENT

I. RESPONDENT'S OUT-OF-TIME MOTION FAILS BECAUSE IT DOES NOT RELATE TO RECORD EVIDENCE

Respondent's Motion fails because it seeks the relief of permanent *in camera* treatment of unspecified portions of Complaint Counsel's post-trial briefing, not record evidence. In this regard, Respondent's Motion is in many ways analogous to the motion rejected by this Court in *In re North Carolina Board of Dental Examiners*. See Resp't's Mot. to Prevent Public Posting, *In re North Carolina Board of Dental Examiners*, FTC Docket No. 9343 (Apr. 29, 2011). There, this Court held that where a respondent had not sought *in camera* treatment of information offered into evidence "Complaint Counsel was not, and is not, required to redact information . . . from its Post-Trial Filings." Order on Resp't's Mot. to Prevent Public Posting, at 4, *In re North*

⁴ As the redactions to this filing make clear, if the Court were to grant the relief sought, Complaint Counsel would require additional guidance regarding what information the Court regards to be protected, particularly given the fact that Respondent is not seeking to place *in camera* the exhibits underlying the statements in Complaint Counsel's briefing.

Carolina Board of Dental Examiners, FTC Docket No. 9343 (May 16, 2011). The Court's reasoning is equally applicable here, and the Court should deny Respondent's Motion.

Respondent's Motion also fails because, over the course of more than a year, Respondent missed each of three successive deadlines to request in camera treatment of the information it apparently now seeks to withhold from the public record. The Court's Revised Scheduling Order provided that the parties file "motions for in camera treatment of proposed trial exhibits" by April 22, 2014. Revised Sched. Order at 3 (Oct. 22, 2013). After a protracted delay in the evidentiary hearing, the Court issued a subsequent order providing that "[i]f a party or non-party has material that has been or will be offered into evidence, the deadline for filing a motion for in camera treatment is February 24, 2015." Order Setting Deadline for Mot. for In Camera Treatment (Feb. 19, 2015). In a later scheduling order relating to the closing of the evidentiary record, the Court set June 8, 2015 as the final deadline by which the parties were to file any remaining motions for in camera treatment. Order Reconv. Eviden. Hrng. (June 1, 2015). With respect to , Respondent missed each of those deadlines. Complaint Counsel nonetheless consented to the out-of-time filing of Now, however, all relevant deadlines have passed and the evidentiary record is closed. The Court, Complaint Counsel, and the public are entitled to rely on the representations of Respondent's counsel regarding the information Respondent wished to withhold from the public record, and the Court should reject Respondent's Motion as out-of-time.

II. RESPONDENT'S MOTION FAILS BECAUSE RESPONDENT HAS NOT MET ITS BURDEN UNDER RULE 3.45

To the extent that the Court construes Respondent's Motion as relating to record evidence rather than to Complaint Counsel's briefing – a position Respondent's counsel expressly

rejects⁵ – Respondent's Motion nonetheless fails because Respondent has not met its burden under Rule 3.45 and related law applying this provision. Respondent bears the burden of demonstrating that evidence for which in camera treatment is sought "constitutes sensitive personal information" or that its disclosure "will likely result in a clearly defined, serious injury to the person, partnership, or corporation requesting in camera treatment." Rule 3.45(b). Respondent's Motion does not argue – nor could it – that Complaint Counsel's characterizations of constitute sensitive personal information. Accordingly, it is Respondent's burden to establish with supporting affidavits or declarations, that the subject of its Motion is "sufficiently secret and sufficiently material to [respondent's] business that disclosure would result in serious competitive injury." In re ECM BioFilms, Inc., Docket No. 9358, 2014 FTC LEXIS 189, at *4-5 (July 23, 2014) ("affidavit or declaration is required") (citing In re North Texas Specialty Physicians, Docket No. 9312, 2004 FTC LEXIS 109, at *3-4 (Apr. 23, 2004)); see In re LabMD, Docket No. 9357 (F.T.C. June 15, 2015), Tr. 1476-77 ("If respondent seeks to withhold [admitted evidence] respondent needs to file a proper motion supported by an affidavit or declaration demonstrating that the documents [meet] the . . . in camera treatment standard ") (reflected in Order Mem. Bench Rulings on Admis. of Evid. & on Resp't's Mot. for In Camera Treatment, at 2 (June 22, 2015)). Respondent's Motion fails in this regard because Respondent's Motion baldly alleges – without the required supporting affidavit or declaration - that "Complaint Counsel's disclosure of the could result in an injury to Respondent, Respondent's physician's [sic] client's patients, or Michael Daugherty." Mot. at 1 (emphasis added). This assertion, which relates to

⁵ See Ex. B at 1.

potential injuries and which is unaccompanied by any sworn statement, does not meet the standard established by Rule 3.45 and *In re North Texas Specialty Physicians* and its progeny.

Respondent's request for permanent *in camera* treatment also fails because the Commission's Rules of Practice reserve permanent *in camera* treatment only for sensitive personal information. "For in camera material other than sensitive personal information, an expiration date may not be omitted except in unusual circumstances, in which event the order shall state with specificity the reasons why the need for confidentiality of the material . . . is not likely to decrease over time." Rule 3.45(b)(3). Here, Respondent has not only failed to submit affidavits or declarations in support of the relief it seeks, it has made no showing that the need for confidentiality will continue indefinitely.

III. RESPONDENT SEEKS TO PROTECT INFORMATION THAT IS ALREADY PUBLIC

Respondent's Motion fails for the additional reason that the information it seeks to protect is already public. As this Court has made clear, "[a]ny material that has previously been made public will not be afforded *in camera* treatment." *In re Promedica Health Sys.*, Docket No. 9346, 2011 FTC LEXIS 70, at *5 (May 13, 2011) (denying respondent's motion for in camera treatment where documents "have already been disclosed . . . in federal district court proceedings"). Here, Respondent has disclosed the information it seeks to protect in federal district court proceedings. The information Respondent seeks to protect has also been disclosed in this proceeding through Respondent's filings, Respondent's discovery responses, and in the testimony of Mr. Daugherty and third-party witnesses. Tellingly, Respondent's

At no time prior to the filing of Respondent's Motion – including all of the instances when Respondent itself has put the fact in the public record – has Respondent ever sought in camera treatment or any other protection for Accordingly, the Court should deny Respondent's Motion because the information Respondent seeks to protect is already public.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, this Court should deny Respondent's Motion.

Dated: August 26, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

Laura Riposo VanDruff

Federal Trade Commission 600 Pennsylvania Ave., NW

Room CC-8232

Washington, DC 20580

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Facsimile: (202) 326-3393

Electronic mail: lvandruff@ftc.gov

Complaint Counsel

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on August 26, 2015, I caused the foregoing document to be filed electronically through the Office of the Secretary's FTC E-filing system, which will send notification of such filing to:

Donald S. Clark Secretary Federal Trade Commission 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Room H-113 Washington, DC 20580

I also certify that I caused a copy of the foregoing document to be transmitted *via* electronic mail and delivered by hand to:

The Honorable D. Michael Chappell Chief Administrative Law Judge Federal Trade Commission 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Room H-110 Washington, DC 20580

I further certify that I caused a copy of the foregoing document to be served *via* electronic mail to:

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Counsel for Respondent LabMD, Inc.

CERTIFICATE FOR ELECTRONIC FILING

I certify that the electronic copy sent to the Secretary of the Commission is a true and correct copy of the paper original and that I possess a paper original of the signed document that is available for review by the parties and the adjudicator.

August 26, 2015

By:

Jarad Brown

Federal Trade Commission Bureau of Consumer Protection

Exhibit A



United States of America FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20580

Bureau of Consumer Protection
Division of Privacy and Identity Protection

June 10, 2015

VIA EMAIL

William A. Sherman, II Dinsmore & Shohl LLP 801 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Suite 610 Washington, DC 20004

Re: In the Matter of LabMD, Inc., FTC Docket No. 9357

Dear Mr. Sherman:

This letter follows our teleconference earlier this afternoon and prior discussions, including on May 18, 2015 and May 27, 2014, regarding the evidentiary status of information regarding

As you know, during Complaint Counsel's , we did not elicit public testimony regarding .

That information is contained elsewhere within the evidentiary record. It has been Complaint Counsel's understanding for more than a year that Respondent would seek in camera treatment of that information, relief that we do not oppose in principle. To date, however, Respondent has not filed a motion to protect information regarding .

As we discussed this afternoon, absent an order of the Court, Complaint Counsel will be constrained from redacting information regarding .

Sincerely,

Laura Riposo VanDruff

cc: Reed D. Rubinstein (via email)
Prashant K. Khetan (via email)
Daniel Epstein (via email)
Patrick Massari (via email)
Erica Marshall (via email)

Exhibit B

VanDruff, Laura Riposo

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject:	Sherman, William <william.sherman@dinsmore.com> Friday, August 14, 2015 12:32 PM VanDruff, Laura Riposo Brown, Jarad; Rubinstein, Reed; Patrick Massari; Harris, Sunni RE: Post Trial Briefings</william.sherman@dinsmore.com>
Laura,	
we would seek a temporary remo- seek to redact them. Pretty simpl	about. It's clear you are refusing to take down your briefings. As discussed yesterday oval of your briefings, redaction of the mention of the from your post hearing public filings. I did not mention exhibits nor would I e. If you need to hear that verbally over the phone again, please let me know when we said yesterday and comply with the meet and confer requirement. Thank you.
Regards	
Dinsmôre	
William A. Sherman, II	
Dinsmore & Shohl LLP • Legal Cour 801 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Suite 610 Washington, DC 20004 T (202) 372-9117 • F (202) 372-914 E william.sherman@dinsmore.com •	1
187	
From: VanDruff, Laura Riposo [m Sent: Friday, August 14, 2015 12 To: Sherman, William Cc: Brown, Jarad; Rubinstein, Red Subject: RE: Post Trial Briefings	:17 PM
Thank you for your message, Will	iam.
filings; additional redactions to ac	ic record – or its bases, we are not in a position to advise Respondent's counsel of our
Best regards,	
laura	

From: Sherman, William [mailto:william.sherman@dinsmore.com]

Sent: Friday, August 14, 2015 12:02 PM

To: VanDruff, Laura Riposo

Cc: Brown, Jarad; Rubinstein, Reed; Patrick Massari; Harris, Sunni

Subject: RE: Post Trial Briefings

Laura,

In order to save time I am asking that you agree that our conversation yesterday at which I informed you that we would file a motion to resolve this issue qualifies as a meet and confer. Please advise.

William



William A. Sherman, II

Partner

Dinsmore & Shohl LLP • Legal Counsel 801 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Suite 610 Washington, DC 20004 T (202) 372-9117 • F (202) 372-9141 E william.sherman@dinsmore.com • dinsmore.com

From: VanDruff, Laura Riposo [mailto:lvandruff@ftc.gov]

Sent: Friday, August 14, 2015 11:59 AM

To: Sherman, William

Cc: Brown, Jarad; Rubinstein, Reed; Patrick Massari; Harris, Sunni

Subject: RE: Post Trial Briefings

Good morning, William.

characterizations in Complaint Counsel's post-tr	its post-trial filings so that Respondent's counsel could identify the nsel characterizes You further
Outside of this proceeding,	is a matter of public record.
Similarly, in this proceeding,	Attached to

We do not agree with your suggestion that Complaint Counsel in any way contravened Nor does your email of August 13, 2015 explain how information characterizing would be entitled to protection under Rule 3.45. Additionally, because Respondent has already disclosed the information for which you're seeking protection — we do not see how Complaint Counsel's inclusion of this fact in our
briefing creates any new concerns.
Accordingly, we do not agree to take down Complaint Counsel's post-trial filings. If this does not address the issues raised in your August 13, 2015 email, please do not hesitate to contact me.
Best regards,
Laura
From: Sherman, William [mailto:william.sherman@dinsmore.com] Sent: Thursday, August 13, 2015 4:48 PM To: VanDruff, Laura Riposo Cc: Brown, Jarad; Rubinstein, Reed; Patrick Massari; Harris, Sunni Subject: Post Trial Briefings
As per our discussion today, we have identified numerous places within your post trial briefings including the Findings of Fact and Post Trial Brief where you describe . While prior to the filing there were attempts by the parties to rectify this situation by scrubbing the record of the description of the descriptio
Any reader of this public document can easily identify We are requesting pursuant to the commission rule 16 C.F.R. 3.45 that you agree to immediately take down your filings and allow us to identify those references that should be redacted from the public record. Please respond in the earliest manner possible as we believe that time is of the essence here. Thank you.
P.S. I'm told COA is getting calls from law 360 about the filings and want to publish a story. Not sure if they've picked up on this issue or not.
e alle

William



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