

January 25, 1994

Mr. Hy David Rubinstein
Staff Attorney, Pre-Merger
Notification Section
Federal Trade Commission
600 Pennsylvania Ave. N.W.
Washington D.C. 20580

Re: <u>Treatment of Tenants-In-Common for Purposes of Size of Person Test</u>

Dear Hy:

I am writing to confirm my understanding, based on our recent phone conversations, that persons holding real estate as tenants-in-common are treated as a "group," and that each of the persons comprising the group is therefore looked at separately when applying the size of person test. Our discussions were based on the following facts:

- 1. The transaction is an asset sale. Some of the assets are owned by a corporation, and others by its shareholders.
- 2. The assets to be sold by the corporation are a and certain
- 3. The shareholders are selling (different from the corporation's that they hold as tenants-in-common. Each of the shareholders is a natural person, a trust or a partnership.
- 4. The value of the to be sold by the shareholders as tenants-in-common exceeds \$100 million, but the interest of each shareholder in that the is valued at less than \$100 million.
- 5. The buyer and the seller corporation are each \$10 million persons, but neither is a \$100 million person.

Mr. Hy David Rubinstein January 25, 1994 Page 2

I understand from you that in the above-described situation no Hart-Scott-Rodino filing is required because the selling shareholders are treated as a "group" within the meaning of 16 C.F.R. § 801.1(a)(2), as amended by 48 F.R. 34428 (July 29, 1983). I understand further that if the buyer is a \$100 million person, then we will have to prepare filings for the buyer, the selling corporation, and each shareholder that is a \$10 million person in its own right. Please let me know if my understanding is in any way incorrect.

