

801.1(a)(2)

April 13, 1995

VIA FACSIMILE

Richard Smith
Premerger Notification Office
Federal Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20580

AID

Dear Dick:

As we discussed this morning, I would appreciate your thoughts on whether a proposed transaction is reportable under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act. The following describes the proposed transaction (assume the size of person test is satisfied):

Partnership A holds industrial real estate. The real estate has a gross fair market value of \$46 million. This real estate is encumbered by \$30 million in non-recourse debt. Thus, the equity value of Partnership A is \$16 million. Partnership A is held by two 50% general partners: Partner B and Partner C.

Partner B is a limited partnership owned by a 1% general partner (Corporation Z) and a 99% limited partner (a state agency).

Partner C is a partnership owned by two 50% general partners: Sub-Partner D and Sub-Partner E.

Sub-Partner D is owned by several individuals and trusts.

Sub-Partner E is a limited partnership owned by a 1% general partner (Corporation Z) and a 99% limited partner (a state agency). Thus, Partner B and Sub-Partner E are different partnerships, but both are owned by the same corporation and same state agency. In addition, Corporation Z is wholly owned by that same state agency.

Based on the above description, you can see that currently the state agency's indirect economic ownership of the industrial real estate is 75% and Sub-Partner D's indirect economic ownership of the industrial real estate is 25%.

Central
with

First step of transaction: Partner C makes a non-liquidating distribution of its entire interest in Partnership A to

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Sub-Partner E. The consideration Sub-Partner E pays to Sub-Partner D for this interest is approximately \$4 million. (After this step, the state agency indirectly owns 100% of the economic interest of the industrial real estate.)

Second step of transaction: Partner B assigns its interest in Partnership A to Sub-Partner E. At this point, Sub-Partner E is the only partner in Partnership A, thus Partnership A dissolves and Sub-Partner E takes title to the industrial real estate.

Issues:

A/D

- A) Is the first step of the transaction reportable?
- B) Is the second step of the transaction reportable?

To assist your analysis I have included a diagram that provides a pictorial view of the structure of this transaction at each step. Thank you for your assistance, [REDACTED] and I will be speaking with you soon.

Sincerely,

[REDACTED]

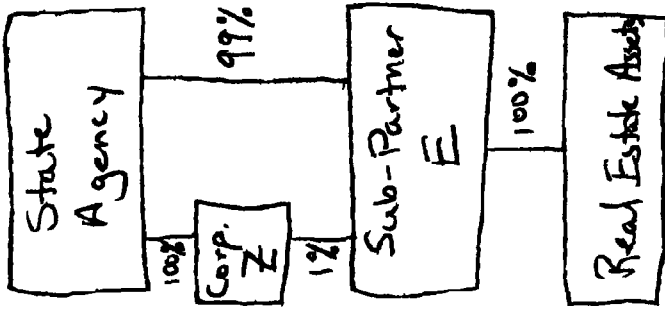
Enclosure

cc: [REDACTED]

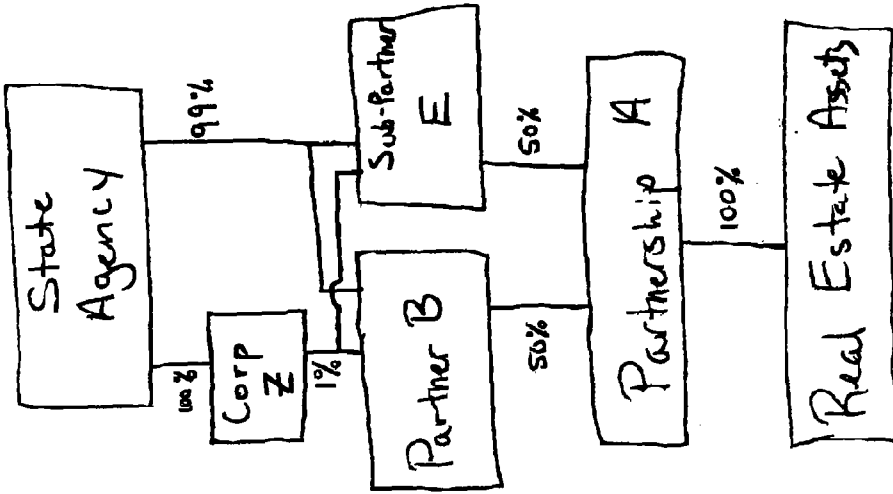
4/14/95 - I should write that, as long as state agency [REDACTED] (and is stated that, without doubt, it did) then it would not qualify as a state-owned [REDACTED] 801 (a) (2) and, as such, could purchase the industrial real estate from [REDACTED] (and [REDACTED] holds a 100% interest in [REDACTED] in the eyes of the IRS [REDACTED] as a partnership, without reporting since it is not doing so through a controlled corporation (which [REDACTED] could qualify as one, I think). Both steps are non-reportable events, since [REDACTED] is a state agency.

RB Smith

After 2nd Step



After 1st Step



Current Structure

