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9 10 11 12 13	Fax: 202-326-3395 STACY R. PROCTER (Local Counsel) CA Bar No. 221078, sprocter@ftc.gov FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION 10990 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 400 Los Angeles, CA 90024 Tel: 310-824-4343, Fax: 310-824-4380			
14 15	Attorneys for Plaintiff FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION			
16 17	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> </ol>	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION, Plaintiff, v. APARTMENT HUNTERS, INC., a corporation, also d/b/a WeTakeSection8.com, ApartmentHunterz.com, and FeaturedRentals.com, REAL ESTATE DATA SOLUTIONS, INC., a corporation,	No. 8:18-CV-1636 COMPLAINT FOR PERMANENT INJUNCTION AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF		
26 27 28	RENTAL HOME LISTINGS INC., a corporation, UAB APARTMENT HUNTERS LT, a limited liability company,			

STEVEN SHAYAN, individually and as an officer of Apartment Hunters, Inc., Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc., Rental Home Listings Inc., and UAB Apartment Hunters LT, and KEVIN SHAYAN, a/k/a Kaveh Shayan, individually and as a manager or *de facto* officer of Apartment Hunters, Inc., Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc., Rental Home Listings Inc., and UAB Apartment Hunters LT, Defendants.

Plaintiff, the Federal Trade Commission (the "FTC" or "Commission") for its Complaint alleges as follows:

1. The FTC brings this action under Section 13(b) of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 53(b), to obtain temporary, preliminary, and permanent injunctive relief, rescission or reformation of contracts, restitution, the refund of monies paid, disgorgement of ill-gotten monies, and other equitable relief for Defendants' acts or practices in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a), in connection with the sale of access to listings of purportedly available rental units.

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#### SUMMARY OF THE CASE

2. Defendants operate several prepaid rental listing websites, including WeTakeSection8.com, ApartmentHunterz.com, and FeaturedRentals.com. The first website specifically targets individuals seeking Section 8 housing; the other websites purport to offer general-access rental units. Defendants charge consumers a fee to access contact information for property managers of rental units listed on their websites. Defendants represent to consumers that the listings on their websites are accurate, up-to-date, and available, that consumers are likely to find suitable housing within a short time, and that consumers cannot find these listings on free websites. These representations are misleading, false, or unsubstantiated.

For example, the majority of the listings on WeTakeSection8.com are not available for rent, and most of those units that are available for rent do not accept Section 8 payments. Consumers lose money and valuable time because of Defendants' deceptive marketing.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1337(a), and 1345, and 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a) and 53(b).

4. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1), (b)(2), (c)(1), (c)(2), and (d), and 15 U.S.C. § 53(b).

#### PLAINTIFF

5. The FTC is an independent agency of the United States Government created by statute. 15 U.S.C. §§ 41-58. The FTC enforces Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a), which prohibits unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce.

6. FTC is authorized to initiate federal district court proceedings, by its own attorneys, to enjoin violations of the FTC Act and to secure such equitable relief as may be appropriate in each case, including rescission or reformation of contracts, restitution, the refund of monies paid, and the disgorgement of ill-gotten monies. 15 U.S.C. §§ 53(b) and 56(a)(2)(A).

#### DEFENDANTS

7. Defendant Apartment Hunters, Inc., ("Apartment Hunters"), also doing business as WeTakeSection8.com, ApartmentHunterz.com, and FeaturedRentals.com, is a California corporation with its principal place of business at 13 Stern St., Laguna Niguel, CA 92677. Apartment Hunters transacts or has transacted business in this district and throughout the United States. At all times material to this Complaint, acting alone or in concert with others, Apartment Hunters has advertised, marketed, distributed, or sold access to rental listings to consumers throughout the United States.

8. Defendant Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc. is a California corporation with its principal place of business at 13 Stern St., Laguna Niguel, CA 92677.
Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc. opens merchant accounts for Apartment Hunters.
Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc. transacts or has transacted business in this district and throughout the United States.

9. Defendant Rental Home Listings Inc. is a California corporation with its principal place of business at 13 Stern St., Laguna Niguel, CA 92677. Rental Home Listings Inc. opens merchant accounts for Apartment Hunters. Rental Home Listings, Inc. transacts or has transacted business in this district and throughout the United States.

10. Defendant UAB Apartment Hunters LT is a foreign limited liability company with its principal place of business at Savanoriu pr. 363, 49425, Kaunas, Lithuania. At all times material to this Complaint, acting alone or in concert with others, UAB Apartment Hunters LT purposefully directed its activities to the United States by: (1) designing and creating the content, computer code, and search algorithms for Apartment Hunters' interactive websites targeted solely to the U.S. rental market; (2) responding to inquiries from U.S. consumers relating to Apartment Hunters' websites by telephone, email, and through online chat offered on the websites; (3) updating and removing rental listings on Apartment Hunters' websites; and (4) carrying out the design, content-creation, and maintenance of Apartment Hunters' websites at the direction of the U.S.-based Defendants, who incorporated UAB Apartment Hunters LT in Lithuania to take advantage of cheaper operating expenses. UAB Apartment Hunters LT transacts or has transacted business in this district and throughout the United States.

11. Defendant Steven Shayan is the owner and chief executive officer of
Apartment Hunters, Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc., Rental Home Listings Inc.,
and UAB Apartment Hunters LT. At all times material to this Complaint, acting
alone or in concert with others, he has formulated, directed, controlled, had the

authority to control, or participated in the acts and practices of Apartment Hunters,
Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc., Rental Home Listings Inc., and UAB Apartment
Hunters LT, including the acts and practices set forth in this Complaint. Defendant
Steven Shayan resides in this district and, in connection with the matters alleged
herein, transacts or has transacted business in this district and throughout the
United States.

12. Defendant Kevin Shayan, also known as Kaveh Shayan, is a manager or *de facto* officer of Apartment Hunters, Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc., Rental Home Listings Inc., and UAB Apartment Hunters LT, the administrator of Apartment Hunters' websites, and Steven Shayan's brother. At all times material to this Complaint, acting alone or in concert with others, he has formulated, directed, controlled, had the authority to control, or participated in the acts and practices of Apartment Hunters, Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc., Rental Home Listings Inc., and UAB Apartment Hunters LT, including the acts and practices set forth in this Complaint. Defendant Kevin Shayan resides in this district and, in connection with the matters alleged herein, transacts or has transacted business in this district and throughout the United States.

#### **COMMON ENTERPRISE**

13. Defendants Apartment Hunters, Real Estate Data Solutions, Inc., Rental Home Listings Inc., and UAB Apartment Hunters LT (collectively, "Corporate Defendants") have operated as a common enterprise while engaging in the deceptive acts and practices alleged below. Defendants have conducted the business practices described below through an interrelated network of companies that have common ownership, officers, managers, business functions, and that commingled funds. Because these Corporate Defendants have operated as a common enterprise, each of them is jointly and severally liable for the acts and practices alleged below. Defendants Steven Shayan and Kevin Shayan have formulated, directed, controlled, had the authority to control, or participated in the

acts and practices of the Corporate Defendants that constitute the common enterprise.

#### COMMERCE

14. At all times material to this Complaint, Defendants have maintained a substantial course of trade in or affecting commerce, as "commerce" is defined in Section 4 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.

#### **DEFENDANTS' BUSINESS ACTIVITIES**

15. Defendants' prepaid rental listing websites – including WeTakeSection8.com, ApartmentHunterz.com, and FeaturedRentals.com purportedly offer hundreds of thousands of available rental listings throughout the United States. The rental listings appear to be largely similar across Defendants' websites. Defendants have represented to consumers that the listings are accurate, up-to-date, and available, and that consumers are likely to find suitable housing within seven business days or less. Defendants have also represented that they have exclusive rights to list thousands of rental listings on their websites, and exclusive rights to list Section 8 rental listings, and that consumers cannot find these listings on free websites. These representations are false, misleading, or unsubstantiated because: (1) many of the rental listings on Defendants' websites are inaccurate or unavailable for rent; (2) Defendants cannot show how quickly subscribers to Defendants' rental-listing websites might obtain housing using Defendants' listings; and (3) Defendants do not have exclusive rights to list thousands of rental listings on their websites, including Section 8 rental listings, that consumers cannot find on free websites.

16. As a California corporation that offers prepaid rental listing services ("PRLS") to consumers, Apartment Hunters is required to have a license from the California Department of Real Estate, formerly known as the Bureau of Real Estate ("DRE"). Apartment Hunters received its PRLS license from the DRE in 2007.

17. In 2011, Apartment Hunters was the subject of a disciplinary action by the DRE in part because the company did not confirm the availability of listings in a timely manner as required by California real estate law. Following this action, in 2012, the DRE issued a restricted PRLS license to Apartment Hunters, which was suspended in 2014 after the DRE charged the company with providing false, misleading, or deceptive advertisements to prospective tenants. In 2015, the DRE adopted an administrative law judge's ("ALJ") decision to revoke Apartment Hunters' PRLS license because Apartment Hunters willfully and deliberately violated California real estate law and a legal order from the Real Estate Commissioner by operating a PRLS business while its license was suspended. The ALJ also found that Apartment Hunters advertised properties in a false, misleading, or deceptive way. *See* Decision, Case No. H-39494 LA (July 1, 2015) (available at www.dre.ca.gov).

18. The revocation of its license has not deterred Apartment Hunters, which has continued to operate a PRLS business in California without a license.

19. Apartment Hunters has engaged in the unlawful practices alleged in this Complaint since at least 2013.

#### **Defendants' WeTakeSection8.com Website**

20. The Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance: Housing Choice Voucher Program ("Section 8"), 24 CFR Part 982, is a federal government program for assisting very low-income families, the elderly, and the disabled to afford decent, safe, and sanitary housing in the private market.

21. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") provides funds to local housing authorities to administer the Section 8 voucher program. The demand for housing assistance often exceeds the limited resources available to HUD and local housing authorities. Many local housing authorities, particularly in metropolitan areas, have long waitlists such that families may wait several years before receiving a voucher. Once they receive a voucher, families

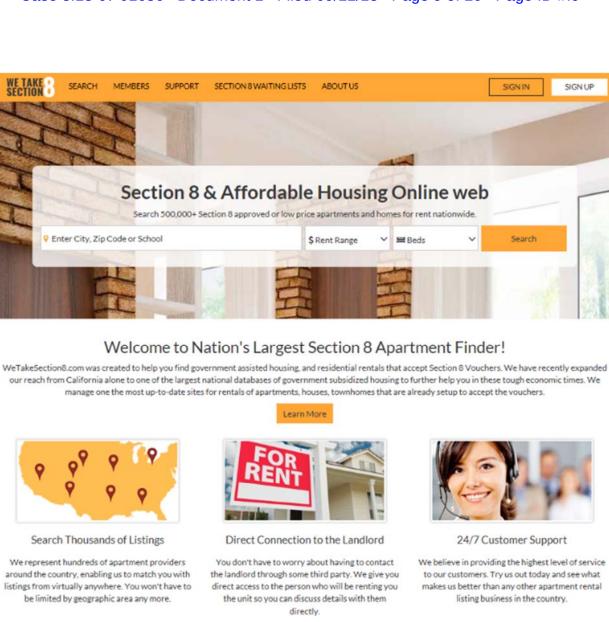
typically have 60 to 90 days to find housing, with the possibility of an extension of up to 120 days. A family that is unable to find housing within that time risks losing the voucher.

22. Defendants' website WeTakeSection8.com purports to list thousands of rental properties that accept Section 8 vouchers in full or partial payment of rent. Consumers who visit the website can see the listed properties, but cannot access the contact information of the property managers for the listings unless they pay a subscription fee. The fee and the length of the subscription vary. Typically, consumers have paid \$49 for two months of access to the property managers' contact information. Defendants have also charged consumers \$14.99 for a weekly subscription.

#### Misrepresentations about the Availability and Accuracy of Listings

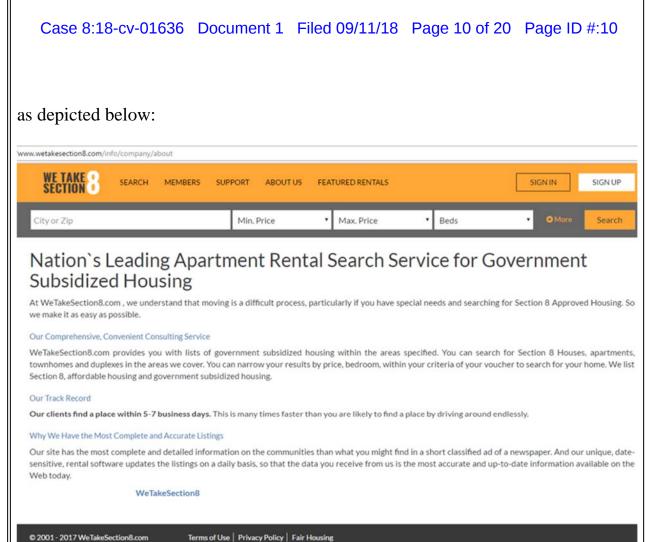
23. To induce consumers to purchase subscriptions to WeTakeSection8.com, Defendants represent that the website has the most accurate and up-to-date listings of Section 8 housing on the Internet. As the following screenshot of the WeTakeSection8.com homepage shows, the website welcomes consumers to "the Nation's Largest Section 8 Apartment Finder" and claims to help consumers find government assisted housing and rentals that accept Section 8 vouchers.

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24. The homepage of WeTakeSection8.com touts "one of the largest national databases of government subsidized housing" and "one the most [*sic*] upto-date sites for rentals of apartments, houses, townhomes that are already setup to accept the vouchers." It promises a "direct connection to the landlord" who is making the rental available and that consumers may search "500,000+ Section 8 approved or low price apartments and homes for rent nationwide."

25. Defendants make numerous claims throughout WeTakeSection8.com about the availability and accuracy of the listings on the website. For example, on the "About Us" webpage, Defendants have claimed to be the leading rental search service for government-subsidized housing and to update listings on a daily basis,



26. In another version of the About Us webpage, Defendants have claimed to have "the most complete and accurate apartment search service for section 8 and government subsidized housing." They represent that the advantage of using their website is "[w]e aggregate all government housing databases, our unique, datesensitive, rental software updates the listings on a daily basis... WeTakeSection8.com works hard to maintain one of the largest and most updated

databases of voucher program rentals that are currently available in the U.S."

27. Defendants represent that they validate the availability of rentals and landlord contact information. For example, in the "Support" section of the website, in response to a question about why there are not enough pictures of the properties, Defendants claim, "Since we only assist with the search process, we cannot be responsible for the information that the landlords post, except in that we validate phone number, email addresses and availability." 28. In the Support section of WeTakeSection8.com, Defendants have represented that the website is superior to other websites that have "old listings that have long since been rented" because Defendants' database is updated in real time and they "routinely call the landlords and update [the] listings to make sure that you won't waste time calling on an apartment that has already been occupied."

29. On the Search tab of WeTakeSection8.com, consumers are able to view the rental listings. The listings for properties that accept Section 8 vouchers indicate that "[e]very effort is taken to verify the availability of the home of your choice." Each of those listings also advises that the consumer must call to check availability because "the listings rent fast." Consumers must subscribe to WeTakeSection8.com to obtain the landlord's or property manager's contact information.

30. In the Support section of WeTakeSection8.com, in response to a question about whether someone may search specifically for Section 8 rentals, Defendants have claimed that if a consumer types "Section 8" in the search bar, "the results are available properties for immediate occupancy that accept [S]ection 8 HUD program."

31. In the Support section of the website, in response to the question, "Does your company provide me with anything that I couldn't do myself," Defendants have encouraged consumers to pay the subscription fee for WeTakeSection8.com instead of wasting their time on other websites. Defendants claim, "[T]here are also many free services available on the Internet and through free publication services, but those establishments do not list actual vacancies. We take steps to make sure that the information is accurate and up to date on current available rentals." In addition, the sign-up page of WeTakeSection8.com has promised consumers "thousands of updated and verified listings including *exclusive listings* **not found on free websites**." (Emphasis in original.)

32. Defendants make similar claims on mobile apps that consumers may download in order to access and subscribe to the WeTakeSection8.com website. Defendants represent that they provide "current data on more than 500,000+ Section 8 approved or low priced apartments, homes." They claim to have "complete and accurate details and descriptions of current relevant vacant properties...." Defendants further represent that they have "designed the App of We Take Section 8, through exhaustive hours of programming, and then expanded it by adding the most extensive national database of America's affordable rental housing, and Senior housing, and largest inventory of available open waiting lists in the nation. We have made sure our data are from valid property management companies that have active affordable rentals that are safe and decent for families of our clients."

33. Defendants' claims are false or unsubstantiated. While Defendants promise that the information on WeTakeSection8.com is up-to-date, most of the properties listed as available for rent on WeTakeSection8.com are unavailable and those that are available for rent generally do not accept Section 8 vouchers.

34. While Defendants promise that WeTakeSection8.com lists 500,000+ Section 8 approved or low price properties available for rent, Defendants cannot verify that they have this many listings in their database.

35. Similarly, Defendants have claimed to have exclusive rights to list rental listings on WeTakeSection8.com. Defendants have claimed that consumers cannot find these listings on free websites. In truth and in fact, Defendants do not have an exclusive right to list properties on WeTakeSection8.com and do not know whether those listings are advertised on free websites.

36. While Defendants promise that the information on WeTakeSection8.com is accurate and that they will connect consumers directly to landlords, they do very little, if anything, to verify that the landlord's information is accurate.

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#### Misrepresentations about How Quickly Consumers Find Rental Housing

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37. Defendants have represented that consumers who subscribe to WeTakeSection8.com find housing within seven business days or less. On the About Us page, as depicted above in paragraph 25, Defendants claim, "Our Track Record" – "**Our clients find a place within 5-7 business days**." (Emphasis in original.) The Support section of the website has stated that consumers would likely find a suitable listing within four days, as depicted below:

# How long will it take for me to find an apartment?

The amount of time that it takes to locate an apartment, of course, depends on the availability of the market which changes throughout the course of the year, but almost every one of our clients meets with success within just four days of searching. We guarantee that within one week you will have located one (if not more) viable rental.

38. Defendants have made these additional claims in the Support section of WeTakeSection8.com about how quickly consumers find suitable housing:

- a. "The minimum duration of the membership is 2 months, but most of our clients are able to find a rental within one week"; and
- b. "When you subscribe to our services you will receive complete access to our extensive database, which we guarantee will be enough time for you to find an apartment. In fact, most people find an apartment within a week!"

39. Defendants' representations about how quickly consumers find suitable listings on WeTakeSection8.com are false or unsubstantiated. Indeed, Defendant Kevin Shayan knows and has admitted that these representations are inaccurate.

#### Defendants' ApartmentHunterz.com Website

40. As with WeTakeSection8.com, Defendants claim that their otherwebsites have accurate and up-to-date rental listings that will help consumerslocate other kinds of rental housing quickly. On the homepage of

ApartmentHunterz.com, Defendants have represented that the website has rental listings for more than one million apartments, condominiums, and homes throughout the United States that are updated daily and even hourly. As depicted below, Defendants have represented that users are likely to find suitable housing within 3-5 days:

# Let Apartment Hunters find your next apartment in less than 5 days!

Take advantage of our Real-Time Vacant rental listings. Over 1,000,000 hourly updated ads with, multiple photos, exterior images and virtual tours in addition to over 15,000 exclusive vacant and upcoming listings, giving you the advantage to find the apartment or home of your choice in 3-5 days.

START SEARCHING

41. On the About Us page, Defendants represent that ApartmentHunterz.com has "the most complete and accurate listings" because Defendants purportedly work closely with managers of the listed properties, and because Defendants' "unique, date-sensitive, rental software updates the listings on a daily basis, so that the data you receive from us is the most accurate and up-todate information available on the Web today."

42. The fee and the length of the subscription to ApartmentHunterz.com vary. Typically, consumers have paid \$49 for 30 days' access to the website.Defendants have also charged consumers \$14.99 for a weekly subscription.

43. Defendants encourage consumers to pay the subscription fee to access ApartmentHunterz.com rather than use a free rental service because their service is faster. On the About Us page, Defendants claim that their "Track Record" is that "[a]s a general rule, we **find your place within 3-5 days**. This is many times faster than you are likely to find a place through a self-serve rental agency." In the Support section of the website, Defendants have represented that this "nominal" fee will actually "save time and money" because consumers will have access to "verified vacant properties" that meet their criteria and the listings provide direct access to property managers.

44. Defendants reiterate these claims throughout ApartmentHunterz.com on the homepage, the About Us page, and in the Support section. Defendants "assure [consumers] complete satisfaction" by representing that they gather thousands of rentals from management companies directly and update listings on an hourly basis.

45. Defendants make similar claims on mobile apps that consumers may download in order to access and subscribe to the ApartmentHunterz.com website. Defendants claim to have five times more listings than other websites. They represent that "[t]hrough our relationships we gather listings on a daily basis from all rental websites and management companies and present them to you in one easy app." Defendants represent that some of the key features of ApartmentHunterz.com are: (1) "[c]omplete and accurate details and descriptions of current relevant vacant properties..."; (2) "[n]ew listings posted and rented ones removed by our staff"; and (3) "[p]hone and email verification to remove rented listings and verify price changes as well as post new rentals hourly as they become available."

46. Defendants' representations that consumers who subscribe to the ApartmentHunterz.com website find rental housing within a few days and that the listings therein are accurate and up-to-date are false or unsubstantiated. Numerous consumers have complained to Defendants that many of the listings on ApartmentHunterz.com are not accurate and not available to rent.

#### **Defendants' FeaturedRentals.com Website**

47. According to the homepage of FeaturedRentals.com, this "**[o]ne site does it all**" by providing access to "thousands of listings not on free rental websites." The homepage of the website has touted over one million rental listings throughout the United States. In the Support section of FeaturedRentals.com, Defendants have boasted that consumers with a good rental history will find rental housing within three days.

48. Similar to WeTakeSection8.com and ApartmentHunterz.com, on the About Us page of FeaturedRentals.com, Defendants claim to "update [the] databases constantly, so you are always guaranteed of the most up-to-date listings for the area." Defendants further represent on the About Us page that consumers will save money by accessing listings from dozens of rental databases at a single site.

49. The fee and the length of the subscription vary. Typically, consumers have paid Defendants \$49 for 30 days access to FeaturedRentals.com.

50. Similar to ApartmentHunterz.com, in the Support section of FeaturedRentals.com, Defendants represent that they charge a "nominal fee to access the database and provide detailed verified vacant results... Save time and money by calling verified vacant results matching your criteria." Defendants claim that they "verify the availability of the properties as opposed to free sites or yellow pages that just lists the community that might not have a vacancy."

51. In the Support section of FeaturedRentals.com, Defendants emphasize the quality of the listings by claiming to gather thousands of listings directly from landlords and management companies and update the search engine on a daily and hourly basis. Defendants claim to operate "a reputable rental site" that provides "the most up-to-date information" on all of their listings.

52. Defendants make similar claims on mobile apps that consumers may download in order to access and subscribe to the FeaturedRentals.com website. Defendants claim that consumers will "[g]et instant access to over 700,000 Real-Time Updated listings" and receive "vacant listings not found on free rental websites." They represent that "[t]hrough our relationships we gather listings on a daily basis from all rental websites and management companies and present them to you in one easy app." Defendants make some of the same representations as on

the ApartmentHunterz.com mobile app, indicating that some of the key features of FeaturedRentals.com are complete and accurate details of current relevant vacant properties, that staff remove rented listings, and that staff post new rentals hourly as they become available.

53. Defendants' representations that consumers who subscribe to the FeaturedRentals.com website find rental housing within a few days and that the listings therein are accurate, verified, and up-to-date are false or unsubstantiated. Numerous consumers have complained to Defendants that many of the listings on FeaturedRentals.com are not accurate and not available to rent.

54. Defendants' claims that consumers cannot find the same rental listings on free websites are false or unsubstantiated. Defendants do not have an exclusive right to list properties on their websites and do not know whether those listings are advertised on free websites.

# Defendants Receive Many Complaints About Unavailable Listings on WeTakeSection8.com, ApartmentHunterz.com, and FeaturedRentals.com

55. Consumers and property managers have complained directly to Defendants that WeTakeSection8.com, ApartmentHunterz.com, and FeaturedRentals.com contain inaccurate or unavailable rental listings. In 2017 alone, hundreds of consumers complained directly to Defendants that landlords' phone numbers were disconnected or incorrect, the price of the unit had changed, the property already had been rented for months or years earlier, the listing was available on other websites for free, and the property owner did not accept Section 8 vouchers.

56. Consumers and property managers also have filed complaints with third parties, such as the Better Business Bureau, to report that properties listed as available for rent on WeTakeSection8.com, ApartmentHunterz.com, and FeaturedRentals.com are not available and that these websites are scams. These third parties have forwarded complaints from consumers and property managers to Defendant Apartment Hunters and in some instances, Apartment Hunters has
responded to these complaints. For example, after a property manager complained
that a property listing that was not available for rent appeared on
WeTakeSection8.com, Apartment Hunters responded that it received listings from
data partners that sometimes contained inaccuracies in the listing description,
price, availability, or address.

# VIOLATIONS OF THE FTC ACT

57. Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a), prohibits "unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce."

58. Misrepresentations or deceptive omissions of material fact constitute deceptive acts or practices prohibited by Section 5(a) of the FTC Act.

### COUNT I

59. Through the means described in Paragraphs 15 through 56, Defendants have represented, directly or indirectly, expressly or by implication, that the rental listings, including Section 8 listings, on Defendants' websites are accurate, up-to-date, and available for consumers to rent.

60. Defendants' representations set forth in Paragraph 59 of this Complaint are false or misleading, or were not substantiated at the time the representations were made.

61. Therefore, the making of the representations as set forth in Paragraph 59 of this Complaint constitutes a deceptive act or practice, in or affecting commerce in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a).

# COUNT II

62. Through the means described in Paragraphs 15 through 56, Defendants have represented, directly or indirectly, expressly or by implication, that consumers who subscribe to Defendants' websites find rental housing, including Section 8 housing, within seven business days or less.

63. Defendants' representation set forth in Paragraph 62 of this Complaint is false or misleading, or was not substantiated at the time the representation was made.

64. Therefore, the making of the representation as set forth in Paragraph 62 of this Complaint constitutes a deceptive act or practice, in or affecting commerce in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a).

#### **COUNT III**

65. Through the means described in Paragraphs 15 through 56, Defendants have represented, directly or indirectly, expressly or by implication, that Defendants have exclusive rights to list thousands of rental listings on their websites, exclusive rights to list Section 8 rental listings, and that consumers cannot find these listings on free websites.

66. Defendants' representations set forth in Paragraph 65 of this Complaint are false or misleading, or were not substantiated at the time the representations were made.

67. Therefore, the making of the representations as set forth in Paragraph 65 of this Complaint constitutes a deceptive act or practice, in or affecting commerce in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a).

#### **CONSUMER INJURY**

68. Consumers have suffered and will continue to suffer substantial injury as a result of Defendants' violations of the FTC Act. In addition, Defendants have been unjustly enriched as a result of their unlawful acts or practices. Absent injunctive relief by this Court, Defendants are likely to continue to injure consumers, reap unjust enrichment, and harm the public interest.

# THIS COURT'S POWER TO GRANT RELIEF

69. Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(b), empowers this Court to grant injunctive and such other relief as the Court may deem appropriate to halt and redress violations of any provision of law enforced by the FTC. The Court, in

the exercise of its equitable jurisdiction, may award ancillary relief, including rescission or reformation of contracts, restitution, the refund of monies paid, and the disgorgement of ill-gotten monies, to prevent and remedy any violation of any provision of law enforced by the FTC.

#### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

Wherefore, the FTC, pursuant to Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 53(b), and the Court's own equitable powers, requests that the Court:

A. Award the Commission such preliminary injunctive and ancillary relief as may be necessary to avert the likelihood of consumer injury during the pendency of this action and to preserve the possibility of effective final relief, including but not limited to, temporary and preliminary injunctions;

B. Enter a permanent injunction to prevent future violations of the FTC Act by Defendants;

C. Award such relief as the Court finds necessary to redress injury to consumers resulting from Defendants' violations of the FTC Act, including but not limited to, rescission or reformation of contracts, restitution, the refund of monies paid, and the disgorgement of ill-gotten monies; and

D. Award the Commission the costs of bringing this action, as well as such other and additional relief as the Court may determine to be just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

ALDEN F. ABBOTT General Counsel

Rhonda P. Perkins Amanda R. Grier Stacy R. Procter (Local Counsel)

Attorneys for Plaintiff FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION